

of each person presenting himself for the first time under Rule 2 or 3, and the date of his so presenting himself shall be entered; and such subsequent entries shall be made as may be necessary for the purpose of giving effect to the foregoing Rule 3.

5. Every person duly presenting himself before the officer in charge of a Police station, as required by the foregoing rules, shall on each occasion be entitled to receive from such officer free of cost a copy of the entry in register relating to such fact, with a certificate that he has duly attended in person at the time and day specified.

6. One month prior to the date of release of a person in respect of whom an order has been passed under section 565, Criminal Procedure Code, the Superintendent of the Prison in which he is confined shall forward to the District Magistrate of the district in which the Prison is situated, and of the district in which he was convicted or of which he is known to have been a resident, a copy of the order passed under section 565, Criminal Procedure Code, as aforesaid, with an intimations of the date on or about which the prisoner will be released.

7. Prior to the release of any such person as aforesaid, the Superintendent of the Prison in which he is confined, or any officer appointed by him in this behalf, shall give him a copy of the rules under sub-section (3), section 565, Criminal Procedure Code, written or printed in the language of the district in which the Prison is situated, and if the prisoner is illiterate or does not understand the language in which such copy of the rules is written or printed, shall personally explain their purport to him and the consequences under section 565 (4) of non-compliance therewith.

8. In these rules the words "District Magistrate" and "Officer in charge of the Police Station" shall, in so far as the Presidency Town of Bombay is concerned, be read as "Commissioner of Police" and "Superintendent of the Division" respectively.

RULES UNDER ACT IX OF 1898

LIVE-STOCK IMPORTATION

THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY LIVE STOCK (HORSES) IMPORTATION RULES, 1921

Notn. No. A-350, R. D., 22nd Nov. 1921, B. G., 1921, Pt. I, p. 3047.

The following rules which, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Live Stock Importation Act, 1898 (IX of 1898), were provisionally published at pages 956 to 959 of the *Bombay Government Gazette*, Part I, dated 14th April 1921, are finally published for general information:—

Rules.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Live Stock Importation Act, 1898 (IX of 1898), the Government of Bombay are pleased

to make the following rules to regulate the detention, inspection, etc., of horses, asses and mules after importation thereof from overseas:—

Short Title: Extent: Operation.—1. (a) These rules may be called the Bombay Presidency Live Stock (Horses) Importation Rules, 1921.

(b) They extend to the whole of the Bombay Presidency including Sind.

(c) They shall come into force on the 24th February 1922.

2. For the purposes of these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context —

Government Veterinary Officer means the Government Veterinary Officer for the City and Harbour of Bombay or any officer generally or especially authorised by him to perform all or any of the duties of the Government Veterinary Officer under these rules.

Veterinary Department means the Government Veterinary Department for the City and Harbour of Bombay.

Horse includes an ass or a mule.

Imported means brought by sea into the Presidency of Bombay from any country outside British India.

Importer means the person in whose name the bill of lading is made out.

Disease means any of the contagious or infectious disorders mentioned in Schedule III.

Quarantine means the detention and segregation of horses newly landed from board ship for observation, and testing or in order to keep them apart from other horses for the prescribed period.

Carcass means the carcass of a horse and includes part of a carcass, and the flesh, bones, skin, hoofs, offal, or other part of a horse separately or otherwise, or any portion thereof.

Mallein test means the testing of horses with mallein in order to determine whether they are affected with glanders or farcy or not.

Valid certificate means a certificate issued in respect of horses imported from a country specified in Schedules I or II to these rules, granted within 24 hours of shipment of the horses, and certified and signed by an authority specified in respect of such country in the said schedules.

Glanders includes Farcy.

Importing vessel to fly Flag.—3. The master of any vessel arriving in the harbour of Bombay carrying horses shall give information thereof to the Pilot in charge and shall hoist the N flag under the ensign for the information of the Government Veterinary Officer and shall keep these flags flying until authorised to lower them by the said Officer.

4. *Landing without permission forbidden.*—The master of any vessel arriving in the harbour of Bombay carrying horses shall not permit the landing of such horses nor any fodder, dung, stable litter, clothing, harness or fittings appertaining to them or which have been in contact with them without the permission in writing of the Government Veterinary Officer.

5. *Supply of rules to master and person in charge.*—The Pilot shall deliver to the master of the vessel a printed copy of these rules and the

master shall give such copy to the importer, owner or person in charge of the horses.

6. *Veterinary officer to board Vessel.*—As soon after the arrival of the vessel as possible the Government Veterinary Officer shall proceed on board the vessel and carry out the duties imposed by these rules.

7. *Information to be supplied by master.*—The master of any vessel arriving in the harbour of Bombay carrying horses from any country outside British India shall furnish the Government Veterinary Officer with information on the following points :—

(a) The place from which the horses have come.

(b) Whether any disease or death occurred among the horses on board-ship.

(c) The number of horses carried on the vessel during the voyage and the number consigned to Bombay.

(d) The names and addresses of the importers.

8. *Import from countries in Schedule I.*—All horses imported from any country specified in Schedule I must be accompanied by a valid certificate to the effect that they were examined and found free from all symptoms of disease within 24 hours of embarkation.

9. *Import from Countries in Schedule II.*—All horses imported from any country specified in Schedule II must be accompanied by a valid certificate to the effect that they were examined and found free from all symptoms of disease within 24 hours of embarkation and that the examination included subjection to the mallein test.

10. *Detention in Quarantine.*—All imported horses not accompanied by a valid certificate to the effect that they were examined in the country of export within 24 hours of embarkation and found free from all symptoms of disease may be detained in quarantine at the discretion of the Government Veterinary Officer for a period which may extend to three calendar months or such shorter period as the Government Veterinary Officer may direct. The maximum period of detention in quarantine may be reduced to 21 days provided that the importer, owner or person in charge shall make an application in writing that his horses be subjected to any or all of the following tests :—

(a) Mallein test or tests.

(b) Bacteriological tests.

(c) Microscopical examination of pus or other pathological material from abscesses, sores or other lesions.

(d) Microscopical examination of the blood.

11. *Place and manner of Quarantine.*—All horses to be detained in quarantine shall be detained at such place and in such manner and under such conditions as the Government Veterinary Officer shall direct.

12. *Removal to Quarantine : Payment of charges.*—All horses to be detained in quarantine shall be removed from the vessel to the place prescribed at such time and in such manner as the Government Veterinary Officer shall direct. The importer, owner or person in charge of the horses shall land and remove them to the place prescribed for their detention, under the orders of the Government Veterinary Officer.

All charges incurred in connection with the landing and removal of any horse from the vessel to the place prescribed for detention in quarantine and dock and customs dues shall be paid by the owner or person in charge direct.

13. *Control of animals in Quarantine.*—During the period horses are detained in quarantine they shall be under the entire control of the Government Veterinary Officer and no outside person shall be allowed access to them or to feed them without the express permission of the Government Veterinary Officer. Should such permission be withheld the Government Veterinary Officer shall feed the horses and charge all expenses incurred thereby to the importer, owner or person in charge.

14. *Treatment of diseased horses.*—Any imported horse which on examination by the Government Veterinary Officer is found to be diseased shall be disposed of as follows :—

(a) In the case of diseases notified under the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 (XIII of 1899), it shall be dealt with according to the rules made under that Act as if it were a horse certified under rule 7 of the said rules, but no compensation shall be paid for horses which have to be destroyed.

(b) In the case of other diseases, horses shall be detained in quarantine until such time as the Government Veterinary Officer is satisfied that they are free from disease. Such horses shall when necessary receive medical treatment as prescribed by the Government Veterinary Officer.

15. *Disposal of litter, etc., of diseased horses.*—All fodder, dung, stable litter, clothing, harness or fittings appertaining to a diseased horse or that may have been in contact with such horse shall be disposed of in accordance with the orders of the Government Veterinary Officer. The value of any clothing, harness or fittings not returned to the importer, owner or person in charge after disinfection and of which the sale may be permitted shall be refunded to the importer, owner or person in charge after deducting all charges due from him.

16. *Payment of Quarantine charges.*—(a) All charges incurred for the keep and maintenance of any horse detained in quarantine and the wages of attendants employed shall be defrayed in full by the importer, owner or person in charge.

(b) In the case of any horse detained in quarantine the importer, owner or person in charge shall deposit within ten days of its landing the sum of Rs. 40 with the Government Veterinary Officer in respect of each horse detained and a further sum of Rs. 40 per horse after the lapse of a further period of twenty days. These sums are intended to defray the cost of keep, maintenance, treatment, etc., of the horses. The amount charged for keep, maintenance and attendance shall ordinarily be at the rate of Rs. 1-4-0 per diem for each ass or mule and Rs. 1-8-0 per diem for each horse ; but if special diet is provided the actual cost incurred shall be paid and when medical treatment is necessary an extra charge shall be made of 8 annas per diem for each horse and 4 annas for each ass or mule.

17. *Release from Quarantine.*—(a) No horse detained in quarantine shall be removed from the quarantine station or such place as it shall have been detained in for quarantine purposes by the direction of the Government Veterinary Officer without his permission. Such permission shall be withheld until the animal has been certified free from disease and all charges have been paid.

Enter as 18 (b) of rule 18.—(b) As soon as the Government Veterinary Officer shall certify any horse detained in quarantine to be free from disease it shall be handed over to the importer, owner or person in charge provided all dues and charges authorised under these rules have been paid to the Government Veterinary Officer.

18. *Sale on default of payment of charges.*—In default of payment of charges due on account of any horse, such horse shall be sold by public auction and the charges shall be deducted from the amount realised. Any balance left over after payment of all charges shall be paid to the importer, owner or person in charge.

19. *Sale of unclaimed animals.*—Should any horse not be removed by the importer, owner or person in charge within one week of the issue of a notice to that effect signed by the Government Veterinary Officer or should such horse remain unclaimed for more than one week after the period of detention in quarantine has elapsed, it shall be sold by public auction to defray the expenses incurred. In the case of any unclaimed horse the proceeds resulting from the sale shall be appropriated to Government. Where the importer, owner or person in charge has failed to remove his horse within the specified time and it has been sold by public auction, all charges shall be deducted from the net proceeds of the sale and the balance if any shall be paid to the importer, owner or person in charge.

20. *Government horses exempted.*—Nothing in these rules shall apply to the importation of horses which are at the actual time of importation the property of Government or which have been imported in accordance with instructions given by the Government Department on whose authority they are imported and have been certified by an Officer of the Royal Army Veterinary Corps to be free from disease. A copy of the certificate shall be handed over to the Government Veterinary Officer at the time of importation of the horses.

21. *Penalties.*—Should any person be guilty of a breach of any of the above rules he shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to Rs. 1,000 in respect of each such breach.

Schedule I.

Countries and authorities from which certificates will be accepted
(*vide* Rule 8.)

Australia	..	.. Veterinary Inspectors of the Stock Branch of the Departments of Agriculture of the various territories of the Com- monwealth of Australia.
New Zealand	..	.. Veterinary Inspectors of the Departments of Agriculture of New Zealand.

SCHEDULE II.

Countries and authorities from which certificates will be accepted (*vide* Rule 9).

United Kingdom Veterinary Inspectors under the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries of Great Britain.

Canada Permanent Inspectors of the Health of Animals Branch of the Federal Department of Agriculture.

SCHEDULE III.

Contagious or infectious disorders, which come under the term disease as interpreted in Rule 2.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Glanders. | 6. South African horse sickness. |
| 2. Epizootic Lymphangitis. | 7. Horse Box. |
| 3. Ulcerative Lymphangitis. | 8. Sarcoptic Mange. |
| 4. Surra. | 9. Psoroptic Mange. |
| 5. Dourine. | 10. Anthrax. |

ORDER UNDER ACT IX OF 1899

ARBITRATION

APPLYING THE ACT TO THE TOWN OF KARACHI

Notn. No. 5113, J. D., 19th July 1899, B. G., 1899, Pt. I, p. 1127.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 2 of the Indian Arbitration Act IX of 1899, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, that the said Act is applicable in the town of Karachi as if it were a Presidency town.

RULES AND ORDERS UNDER ACT XIII OF 1899

GLANDERS AND FARCY

DECLARING IN RESPECT OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY, THAT FOR THE PURPOSE OF THE DEFINITION CONTAINED IN SUB-SECTION 1 OF SECTION 2, "DISEASED" INCLUDES AFFECTED WITH LYMPHANGITIS EPIZOOTICA

G. of I., Revenue and Agriculture Dept., Notn. No. 1581—40—4, dated 11th July 1902, republished in Govt. Notn. No. 4896, R. D., 16th July 1902, B. G., 1902, Pt. I, p. 1184.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 2, sub-section (1), of the Glanders and Farcy Act, 1899 (XIII of 1899), as amended by the Repealing and Amending Act, 1901 (XI of 1901), the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare, in respect of the City of Bombay, that, for the purpose of the definition contained in the said sub-section, "diseased" includes affected with Lymphangitis Epizootica.